## English Task Thursday 25th May

#### It's Behind You!

I don't want to scare you But just behind you Is a .....

No! Don't look! Just act calmly As if it wasn't there.

Like I said

Can you hear me if I whisper? Just behind you

Is a .....

NO! DON'T LOOK!
Just keep on reading
Don't turn round, believe me
It isn't worth it.

If you could see What I can see standing there You'd understand.

It's probably one Of the harmless sort Although with that mouth
Not to mention those teeth
And all the blood dripping down its
chin
I wouldn't like to say.

DON'T TURN ROUND!

Listen

It's trying to speak

I think it wants to be friends.

Oh, I see, it doesn't!

Never mind

You'd better leave just in case
I expect you'll escape
If you don't turn round.

Oh what a shame.
I really did think
You'd make it to the door.
Hard luck
I expect it eats all its friends.

David Harmer



#### It's Behind You! Monster Poems

by Paul Cookson and David Harmer, MacMillan Children's Books, 2010

Explore more Hamilton Trust Learning Materials at https://wrht.org.uk/hamilton

Week S Day 2

### 1. It's poem time!

Read and shiver at enjoy the monster poem, It's Behind You! by David Harmer.

- o Would you have been able to stop yourself turning round?
- O What would you have done to save the poor person in the poem?

#### 2. Exclamation marks and emphasis

Look at It's Behind You!

- Follow the instructions on Looking at the Poem, and highlight some of the punctuation.
- Read the poem again, using the exclamation marks and capital letters as a guide to where to really stress lines and/or words.

#### 3. Let's get ready to write

What do you think the monster in the poem would actually have looked like?

- Draw your idea of the monster on Behind You!
- Describe your monster using full, accurately punctuated sentences.
- Include two exclamation marks and two capitalised words for emphasis in your writing. A really ENORMOUS pair of fangs!

# Looking at the Poem...



- O What is the punctuation mark called at the end of the title?
- o Highlight all the exclamation marks in the poem. How many are there?
- o Why are they there?
- Highlight all the words in <u>capital letters</u>. Why has the writer done this with these words?
- Read the poem again. This time, use the exclamation marks and capital letters as a guide to where to really stress lines and/or words.

Ask someone to listen to you read. Can they hear how good it sounds?