Symbols and Meanings



Aum

This is the most important symbol in Hinduism.



It represents the Atman (soul) and the Brahman (the ultimate reality).

Lotus Flower (Padma)

This is a very important symbol, as Hindus believe that Brahma (the Creator) came from a lotus flower.



Despite growing in muddy waters, the lotus turns into a beautiful flower.

It represents how people should always become kind and good.

Hands Together

When Hindu people greet each other they place two hands together, bow their head slightly and say Namaste.

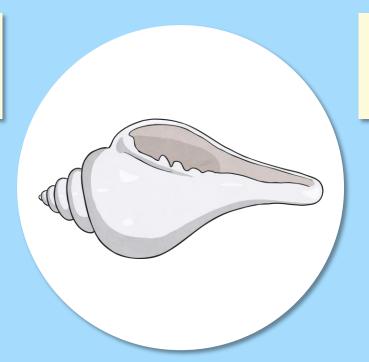


This is the same when they greet a god in a temple or a holy person.

This is seen as offering respect to the atman (soul) of whoever is being greeted.

Conch Shell

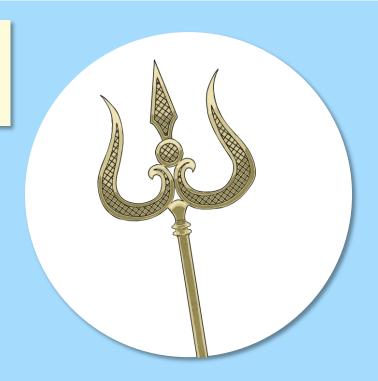
This is used as part of the ritual while praying.



It is one of the symbols of Lord Vishnu.

Trident (Trishul)

The Trident is the symbol of the Lord Shiva.



Kalasha

The kalasha is a coconut circled with mango leaves on a pot.



It is often used in rituals such as the fire sacrifice.

Cow

Cows are considered to be symbolic of purity, motherhood and ahimsa (non-violence).



It is often used in rituals such as the fire sacrifice.

Diva

Diva lamps are the symbols of light.



Pranama

This is considered a respectful greeting for an elder in the family, for someone who is deeply respected and for statues of deities.



The pranama is usually followed by a blessing from the person (or is assumed in the case of a deity statue).

Your task: Create a poster about the different symbols used in Hinduism. You must include pictures, labels and information.