

Reviewed: September 2021

Wallsend Jubilee Primary School

E-Safety Policy

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1. Roles and Responsibilities

The e-Safety Policy relates to other policies including those for ICT, bullying and for child protection. Mrs Hattrick and Mr Harrison are the e-Safety Coordinators. Our e-Safety coordinator's responsibilities are:

- to ensure they keep up to date with e-Safety issues and guidance through liaison with the Local Authority e-Safety Officer and through organisations such as The Child Exploitation and Online Protection (CEOP);
- to ensure the senior leadership and Governors are updated as necessary;
- ensuring that the policy is implemented and that compliance with the policy is actively monitored;
- ensuring all staff are aware of reporting procedures and requirements should an eSafety incident occur;
- ensuring the eSafety Incident Log is appropriately maintained and regularly reviewed;
- providing or arranging eSafety advice/training for staff, parents/carers and governors;
- liaising closely with the school's Designated Senior Person / Child Protection Officer to ensure a co-ordinated approach across relevant safeguarding areas including the Prevent Duty.

Governors need to have an overview understanding of e-Safety issues and strategies at this school. We ensure our governors are aware of our local and national guidance on e-Safety and are updated at least annually on policy developments.

All teachers are responsible for promoting and supporting safe behaviours in their classrooms and following school e-Safety procedures. Central to this is fostering a culture where pupils feel able to report any bullying, abuse or inappropriate materials. (reference: Safe to Learn policy).

All staff should be familiar with the schools' policy including:

- Safe use of Internet including use of internet-based communication services, such as instant messaging and social networks,hgjhf

Safe use of school network, equipment and data storage; Safe use of digital images and digital technologies, such as mobile phones, tablets, digital cameras; Publication of pupil information/photographs and use of website; EBullying / Cyberbullying procedures; Their role in providing e-Safety education for pupils; Appendix three outlines detailed guidance to staff and the code of conduct relating to ICT. Staff are reminded / updated about e-Safety matters annually. Our e-Safety Policy has been written by the school, building on the Kent e-Safety Policy and government guidance. It has been agreed by senior management and approved by governors. The e-Safety Policy was revised by: 25.1.16 It was approved by the Governors on: Summer 2016. In January 2016 the LA ICT consultant supported us to review and update our E-Safety Policy and practice.

2. Teaching and learning

Why the Internet and digital communications are important

The Internet is an essential element in 21st century life for education, business and social interaction. The school has a duty to provide pupils with quality Internet access as part of their learning experience. Internet use is a part of the statutory curriculum and a necessary tool for staff and pupils.

The Technologies

New technologies are enhancing communication and the sharing of information. Current and emerging technologies used in school and, more importantly in many cases, used outside of school by children include:

- the internet;
- e-mail;
- Videochat;
- Instant messaging, often using simple web cams;
- Blogs (an on-line interactive diary);
- Podcasting (radio / audio broadcasts downloaded to computer or MP3/4 player);
- Social networking sites;
- Video broadcasting sites;
- Chat Rooms;
- Gaming Sites;
- Music download sites;
- Mobile phones with camera and video functionality;
- Smart phones;
- Tablets;
- eReaders;

Benefits of using the Internet in education include:

- access to world-wide educational resources including museums and art galleries;
- educational and cultural exchanges between pupils world-wide;
- vocational, social and leisure use in libraries, clubs and at home;
- access to experts in many fields for pupils and staff;
- staff professional development through access to national developments, educational materials and effective curriculum practice;
- communication and collaboration with support services, professional associations and colleagues;
- improved access to technical support including remote management of networks and automatic system updates;
- exchange of curriculum and administration data with the LA and DFE;
- access to learning wherever and whenever convenient.

Internet use will enhance learning

The school Internet access will be designed expressly for pupil use and will include filtering appropriate to the age of pupils.

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Pupils will be taught what Internet use is acceptable and what is not and given clear objectives for Internet use.

Pupils will be educated in the effective use of the Internet in research, including the skills of knowledge location, retrieval and evaluation

Pupils will be shown how to publish and present information to a wider audience.

Pupils will be taught how to evaluate Internet content

The school will ensure that the use of Internet derived materials by staff and pupils complies with copyright law.

Pupils will be taught the importance of cross-checking information before accepting its accuracy.

Pupils will be taught how to report unpleasant Internet content e.g. locally, to school staff, and online using report mechanisms such as the CEOP 'Report Abuse' icon or Hector Protector.

3. Security and data management

All users read and sign an Acceptable Use Agreement to demonstrate that they have understood the school's e-safety Policy and Data Security

- *Pupil data and photographs must only be stored on the school network or school equipment (ipads/cameras). Pupil data must only be stored on the staff drive.*
- *Staff may use external USB drives but can only store sensitive information such as pupil data on encrypted memory drives provided by the school.*
- *Sensitive information such as pupil data must not be stored in Cloud storage such as Google Drive*
- *Laptops are securely locked away at the end of the day if being left on the premises or if being taken home, are never left unattended in vehicles etc.*

Passwords

In our school, all ICT password policies are the responsibility of the Headteacher and e-safety coordinator and all staff and pupils are expected to comply with the policies at all times

Password security is essential for staff, particularly as they are able to access and use pupil data. Staff are expected to have secure passwords which are not shared with anyone. The pupils are expected to keep their passwords secret and not to share with others, particularly their friends. Staff and pupils are regularly reminded of the need for password security. Pupils are not allowed to deliberately access on-line materials or files on the school network, of their peers, teachers or others. Staff are aware of their individual responsibilities to protect the security and confidentiality of school networks, MIS systems and/or Learning Platform, including ensuring that passwords are not shared and are changed periodically. Individual staff users must also make sure that workstations are not left unattended and are locked. The automatic log-off time for the school network is 6.30pm

Users are provided with an individual network, email, Learning Platform and Management Information System (where appropriate) log-in username. From Year 3 they are also expected to use a personal password for the Learning Platform and keep it private. All users of the school network have a secure username and password and should only use personal passwords to access computer based services.

All staff and pupils are reminded of the importance of keeping passwords secure, they are informed not to write these passwords down at any time. If a pupil or member of staff believe that someone other than themselves has become aware of their password, they are to report to the eSafety coordinator or ICT Co-ordinator and their password will be changed.

Staff will be prompted to change NTLF and SIMS passwords in line with NT password policy.

Staff iPads must have a pass-code installed to the lock-screen of the device. Users must not share this pass-code with others.

Password Security

Due consideration should be given when logging into the Learning Platform to the browser/cache options (shared or private computer)

Starters and Leavers

Adults who work in schools may have access to a range of important and sensitive information including images and personal details of colleagues and learners and it is essential that the integrity of the school's systems and files remain intact when colleagues leave the school.

To help ensure that a school's data and resources remain secure as personnel leave the organisation

User ID/email and passwords for staff and pupils who have left the School will be removed from the system/disabled within 4 weeks.

Filtering and virus protection:

Annual virus protection is purchased for the network and all school computers. Regular scans should be performed by staff on devices that are not connected to the Network.

Any device suspected or found to contain any virus or malware must be immediately turned off and removed from the network. The ICT coordinator must then be informed so appropriate technical support can be sought.

Internet filtering is provided by the Local Authority as part of the ICT SLA. The SLA states that as part of this the LA "Provide robust filtering and security management which has been upgraded to ensure it is flexible and exceeds national expectations." While strong filters are in place, no filtering is 100% effective and so staff must remain vigilant for inappropriate content when using the internet. If anything inappropriate is found staff should turn off the screen of the machine and remove it from use. They should then (if possible) screen capture the website and report it to the e-Safety Coordinators and also ict.helpdesk@northtyneside.gov.uk so it can be reviewed and blocked if necessary.

Staff may also request for websites to be unblocked if they believe they are appropriate for educational purposes by contacting the LA corporate ICT helpdesk at ict.helpdesk@northtyneside.gov.uk

Senior staff will ensure that regular checks are made to ensure that the filtering methods selected are appropriate, effective and reasonable.

School ICT systems security will be reviewed regularly and security strategies will be discussed with the Local Authority.

Any material that the school believes is illegal must be reported to appropriate agencies such as the Internet Watch Foundation (IWF) or CEOP: Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre

4. Infrastructure and technology

Pupil Access

Pupils are informed of available, appropriate materials to use and are supervised by a member of staff when accessing school equipment and online materials, at all times.

Software/hardware

All software has been purchased by the school and is the legal owner. The dates of appropriate licenses are

recorded and kept with the secure passwords in the school office. The LA technician loads any new software onto the schools network.

School laptops and iPads are for school use only.

Managing the network and technical support

The server and cabling is securely located and its physical access is restricted. The network is managed by the LA via an annual SLA. All staff should log off or lock a computer when they leave a computer / digital device unattended. A central request file is updated for LA technical support. The network is monitored via the council.

Requests for technical support can be made to support@ntlp.org.uk

5. Communication Technologies

Emerging technologies will be examined for educational benefit and a risk assessment will be carried out before use in school is allowed.

The senior leadership team should note that technologies such as mobile phones with cellular Internet access can bypass school filtering systems and present a new route to undesirable material and communications.

Mobile Devices

In our school we recognise the use of mobile devices offers a range of opportunities to extend children's learning. At this point in time we do not allow children to bring in or use their own mobile devices in school.

Some staff have a laptop and class sets of laptops are available to all year groups in school for curriculum use. Acceptable use of the devices are covered in staff and student Acceptable Use Policy (AUP) documents.

Mobile device management.

All iPads in school are managed with a Mobile Device Management (MDM) system. We currently use the Meraki MDM solution for this. This allows monitoring and remote management of many features of the device, plus the ability to impose restrictions on the device, such as removing the ability to delete apps or use the camera. Apps are only added to pupil devices via the MDM system. Pupils do not have the ability to add new apps. The school business manager, ICT coordinator and the headteacher keep ownership of the school Apple ID password and must approve all new app installs on pupil devices.

The school has registered with the Apple Volume Purchase Program (VPP) and all apps are bought via this system. Licences for apps bought are recorded within the VPP account.

Mobile telephones

Our school allows personal mobile phones to be used in school by staff and visitors, however they are not to be used within the classroom or when pupils are present. Phones should be turned off or on silent during lessons.

Mobile phones will not be used during lessons or formal school time. The sending of abusive or inappropriate text messages or files by any means is forbidden.

Mobile phone technology must not be used to take photographs anywhere within the school grounds, unless

consent has been explicitly granted by the Headteacher.

Staff should only contact a parent/carer on a school telephone.

When children undertake a school trip or journey, personal mobile phone use by adult leaders should be limited to contact with the school office or venues being visited, except in emergencies.

It is not acceptable to use personal mobile phones to support lessons.

Electronic Mail

The government encourages the use of e-mail as an essential means of communication for both staff and pupils. Directed e-mail use can bring significant educational benefits and interesting projects. However, un-regulated e-mail can provide a means of access to a pupil that bypasses the traditional school boundaries. In the school context, therefore, email is not considered private and is monitored by staff, whilst trying to achieve a balance between monitoring that is necessary to maintain the safety of pupils and the preservation of human rights, both of which are covered by recent legislation.

Staff and pupils may only use approved e-mail accounts on the school system. All users have access to the NTLP Google mail via our VLE (The North Tyneside Launch Pad) as the preferred school e-mail system.

Pupils must immediately tell a teacher if they receive offensive e-mail.

In e-mail communication, pupils must not reveal their personal details or those of others, or arrange to meet anyone without specific permission.

Incoming e-mail should be treated as suspicious and attachments not opened unless the author is known.

The school should consider how e-mail from pupils to external bodies is presented and controlled.

Whole-class or group e-mail addresses are used at Key Stage 1 and below.

E-mail sent to an external organisation is written carefully and authorised before sending, in the same way as a letter written on school headed paper.

The sending of abusive or inappropriate email messages is forbidden.

Electronic mail should only be used in the course of work as a school employee and only using the authorised logins provided by the school/ Platform.

Users must never use electronic mail to send or forward chain letters or any material which may contravene School policies (e.g. jokes, pictures of a racist or sexist nature).

Users must only copy messages (i.e. cc or bcc) to people where it is of direct relevance.

Staff are expected to check their email mailboxes regularly.

There is the facility within NTLP mail to report any message to the NT ICT team as Spam or a publishing attempt. This can be done by selecting a message and clicking the exclamation mark (!) at the top of the page, or from within an email from the drop-down menu.

The use of personal web based email in school is forbidden for both staff and students so as to minimise the risk of unsuitable materials and viruses from external email accounts, e.g. Hotmail, Yahoo Mail etc, in school.

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All users are made aware that email is covered by The Data Protection Act (1988) and the Freedom of Information Act (2000), meaning that safe practice should be followed in respect of record keeping and security.

All users are made aware that all email communications may be monitored at any time in accordance with the Acceptable Use Policy.

All users must immediately report any email that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, threatening or bullying in nature.

Our school includes a standard disclaimer at the bottom of all outgoing emails.

"Sent from North Tyneside's Learning Platform

(www.ntlp.org.uk), an educational virtual learning environment.

This email may not reflect the views of the organisation.

If this email causes any concern please contact report@ntlp.org.uk."

Staff are required to add a standardised email signature covering Name, Role in school and contact details.

To do so staff can click on the cog in the top right, then 'settings', then scroll down to signature' where the passage can be pasted in and details added.

Social Networking and Personal Publishing:

Social Network sites allow users to be part of a virtual community. Current popular examples of these are Facebook, Twitter and for younger users, Club Penguin.

These sites provide users with simple tools to create a profile or page including basic information about the user, photographs, and possibly a blog or comments published by the user. As a user on a Social Network site, you may have access to view other users' content, send messages and leave comments. NB: Many Social Network sites have age restrictions for membership e.g. Facebook's minimum age is 13 years old.

In our school the following statements outline what we consider to be acceptable and unacceptable use of Social Network sites:

The school will control access to social networking sites, and consider how to educate pupils in their safe use.

Newsgroups will be blocked unless a specific use is approved.

Pupils will be advised never to give out personal details of any kind which may identify them, their friends or their location.

Pupils will use only moderated social networking sites, e.g. SuperClubs Plus

Pupils and parents will be advised that the use of social network spaces outside school brings a range of dangers for primary aged pupils.

Pupils will be advised to use nicknames and avatars when using social networking sites.

Staff are expected to manage their digital identity and portray themselves in a positive, professional and appropriate manner when posting or sharing content online. Staff should have privacy settings in place where appropriate and should check and review these on a regular basis.

Staff should not give personal contact details to pupils or parents/carers including mobile telephone numbers, details of any personal blogs or websites.

Staff should not add Pupils (past or present) as “Friends” on any Social Network site. Staff should never post on behalf of, or refer to the school, pupils or parents on any social networking site, unless it is from the school’s official accounts and with the permission of the head teacher.

Remember; whatever means of communication you use you should always conduct yourself in a professional manner. If content is made available on the web it is available for everyone to see and remains there forever. There is no such thing as private.

Instant Messaging:

Instant Messaging, e.g. MSN, Yahoo Messenger, is a popular communication tool with both adults and children. It provides an opportunity to communicate in real time using text, sound and video. It is not appropriate to use these tools in school.

NTP Gmail provides its own filtered instant messaging and video chat service, which should be the only messaging service used in school, and then only used by pupils with adult permission. All ‘chat’ conversations are recorded and filtered by the same system that is used to filter the email. Inappropriate content in ‘chats’ will be flagged up to NT ICT automatically.

Virtual Learning Environment (VLE) / Learning Platform:

Pupils can communicate via the VLE, using email and instant chat. These forms of communication are filtered by North Tyneside.

Passwords are issued by the ICT Co-ordinator/School Business Manager and pupils are aware that these passwords should not be recorded in any form. All staff have the ability to reset passwords for all users at our school.

Pupils can access all tools on the VLE that are displayed when they log in.

Pupils receive regular e-safety reminded teaching them how to use these communication tools in a responsible way. This session is carried out by the Class Teacher and once completed reported back to the e-Safety coordinator.

Accounts are linked directly to our school’s SIMS data. Accounts are added or removed automatically by NTP systems as data is uploaded to our SIMS systems.

Published content and the school web site

The school web site –<http://www.marineparkfirst.co.uk/> - celebrates pupils’ work and promotes the school.

Staff or pupil personal contact information will not be published. The contact details given online should be the school office. The point of contact on the Web site is the school address, school e-mail and telephone number.

The headteacher will take overall editorial responsibility and ensure that content is accurate and appropriate.

Video conferencing

Video chat (between NTP users) is available through NTP Gmail, using the video chat facility when a

webcam is available. Other free video conferencing software (such as Skype) is easily available. It can be a wonderful way to bring the outside into the classroom and establish links with schools or individuals in other places that might not be otherwise accessible for the children's learning.

Any use of video conferencing/video chats must only take place with the permission of a member of the senior leadership team (SLT). Any use of external video conferencing software (e.g. Skype) must not be done with a teacher's 'personal' account. It is good practice to create a separate account for school communications. Where possible, a discussion of some kind should take place with the 'caller' before the live conversation to ensure they know the expected audience of the call, the age of the children present, and what is appropriate for discussion in the call. This might be used when contacting an expert in their field to 'bring them in' to the classroom to enhance the children's learning.

An adult must always be present in the room when any video conferences/chats are taking place. The regulations for using webcams are similar to those for CCTV. This means that the area in which you are using the webcam must be well signposted and people must know the webcam is there before they enter the area, in order to consent being viewed in this way. Children should be consulted and adults would need to consent as well as the parents of all children involved.

In gaining consent, you must tell the person why the webcam is there, what you will use the images for, who might what to look at the images and what security measures are in place to protect access.

As children also have access to NTL Google video chat outside of school, they must also be educated about safe, appropriate and acceptable use of these technologies, considering the following points:

- how, when and why they make use of it;
- ensuring an appropriate adult knows they are using it;
- never accepting a chat request from someone they do not know;
- reporting anything they find upsetting or inappropriate in a video chat to a trusted adult or by clicking the 'Report abuse' button on the NTL main banner;
- protecting their personal information when using it. This may include not just what they say in a 'chat', but even the objects in the room around them which may inadvertently give away personal information they don't wish to share.

Use of digital media

In our school we are aware of the issues surrounding the use of digital media online. All members of our school are required to follow the school's guidance below.

- All staff and pupils instructed that full names and personal details should not be used on any digital media, particularly in association with photographs.
- Photographs that include pupils will be selected carefully so that individual pupils cannot be identified or their image misused. Group photographs rather than full-face photos of individual children are preferable.
- We ask all Parents/carers to provide written permission stating whether or not they can have their photograph taken and used within school or on the school website
- Pupil image file names will not refer to the pupil by name.
- All staff are instructed of the risks associated with publishing images, particularly in relation to use of personal Social Network sites.
- Our school ensures that photographs/videos are only taken using school equipment and only for school purposes. Staff are instructed that these images/videos are not to be stored on any personal computers, devices etc.

- We do not allow staff to store digital content on personal equipment.
- When taking photographs/video, staff ensure that subjects are appropriately dressed and not participating in activities that could be misinterpreted.
- Staff, parents/carers and pupils are made aware of the dangers of publishing images and videos of pupils or adults on Social Network sites or websites without consent of the persons involved. They are made aware of these dangers through e-safety lessons and training from outside agencies.
- Parents are clearly informed of the school policy on image taking and publishing, both on school and independent electronic repositories.
- Staff sign an AUP informing them of the guidelines for safe practice relating to the use of digital media, as outlined in the schools' policy. These are monitored by our eSafety coordinator and SLT.

Protecting personal data

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998.

6. Policy Decisions

Authorising Internet access

All staff must read and sign the "Staff Code of Conduct for ICT" before using any school ICT resource.

The school will maintain a current record of all staff and pupils who are granted access to school ICT systems.

At Key Stage 1, access to the Internet will be by adult demonstration with directly supervised access to specific, approved on-line materials.

At Key Stage 2, pupils accessing the internet are directly supervised by a member of staff.

Extended school provision accessing the internet are directly supervised by ASC staff on directed sites.

Parents will be given details of the acceptable use agreement that pupils have signed.

This e-safety policy will be published on the school website and advice on safe use of the internet will be provided.

Any person not directly employed by the school will be asked to sign an "acceptable use of school ICT resources" before being allowed to access the internet from the school site.

7. Handling e-safety incidents

Our e-Safety Coordinator acts as first point of contact for any complaint. The Local Authority supplies the following flowchart to suggest appropriate action when dealing with eSafety incidents and in particular, social networking related incidents - [Click here for Flowchart](#)

Assessing risks

The school will take all reasonable precautions to ensure e-Safety and prevent access to inappropriate material. The school has completed a risk assessment which incorporates the Prevent Duty. This can be

reviewed in the Prevent Duty Policy. However, owing to the international scale and linked nature of Internet content, the availability of mobile technologies and speed of change, it is not possible to guarantee that unsuitable material will never appear on a school computer or mobile device. Neither the school nor the Local Authority can accept liability for material accessed, or any consequences of Internet access.

The school should audit ICT use to establish if the e-safety policy is adequate and that the implementation of the e-safety policy is appropriate and effective.

Methods to identify, assess and minimise risks will be reviewed regularly. The SLT will ensure that the e-Safety policy is implemented and compliance with the policy monitored.

The use of computer systems without permission or for inappropriate purposes could constitute a criminal offence under the Computer Misuse Act 1990.

Incidents involving pupils

Incidents of cyberbullying are dealt with in accordance with our bullying and behaviour policy. Incidents related to child protection are dealt with in accordance with the school's child protection policy.

Complaints of a child protection nature must be dealt with in accordance with school child protection procedures and reported to the Headteacher immediately (The Policy has a flowchart of responses to an incident of concern).

If an incident occurs involving a pupil, the member of staff in charge must seek the nearest member of staff so they can witness the misuse, protecting them any incident/allegation towards themselves.

The device where the incident took place (if in school) must be taken out of use until appropriate evidence can be captured to log the incident.

All staff are instructed of different types of eSafety incidents and are aware that they must report them to the above staff immediately.

Once incidents are reported to the above staff, a record must be made by the member of staff involved, which will then be filed in our eSafety log book which is incorporated within the Encrypted Electronic Incidents Log Documents.

One of the designated members of staff will inform how to deal with the incident.

If necessary the Local Authority will be informed of any misuse and parents will be informed.

Pupils and parents will be informed of consequences for pupils misusing the Internet.

Parents and pupils will need to work in partnership with staff to resolve issues.

As with other safeguarding issues, there may be occasions when the other outside agencies must be contacted. Incidents of a criminal nature; i.e. threatening, intimidation or harassment then may then involve contact with the police for further advice (at the discretion of the headteacher).

Parents and pupils are given information about infringements in use and possible sanctions. Sanctions for

pupils include:

- informing parents or carers;
- removal of Internet or computer access for a period of time.
- referral to LA / Police.

Incidents involving staff

Any incident involving staff misuse must be referred immediately to the Headteacher. It is fully recognised that an authorised staff user may accidentally breach this policy whilst acting in good faith and in the course of their duties. If a member of staff suspects this may be the case they must notify the Headteacher or nominated e-safety coordinator IMMEDIATELY so that action can be taken to prevent or minimise damage.

Any authorised user who commits a breach of any school policy as a result of unauthorised use of electronic media may face disciplinary procedures. If the school discovers that a member of staff has committed a criminal offence or has been party to the commission of one as a result of unauthorised use of electronic media the police will be contacted immediately. The school will in no way indemnify a member of staff who has incurred any liability as a result of unauthorised use of electronic media. The school will seek financial redress from an authorised user whose misuse of electronic media causes the school to suffer a loss.

Incidents involving other adults (e.g. parents)

Any incident affecting the school but involving other adults out of school must be referred immediately to the Headteacher.

Where possible, evidence should be collected immediately and individuals concerned may be contacted by the Headteacher to discuss the incident.

If necessary the Local Authority will be informed of any misuse. Incidents of a criminal nature; i.e. threatening, intimidation or harassment then may then involve contact with the police for further advice (at the discretion of the Headteacher).

8. Communications Policy

Introducing the e-safety policy to pupils

E-Safety rules will be posted in all rooms where computers are used and discussed with pupils regularly.

Pupils will be informed that network and Internet use will be monitored and appropriately followed up.

A programme of training in e-Safety has been developed, based on the materials from CEOP, Hectors world and sites recommended by North Tyneside ICT Team.

E-Safety training will be embedded within the Computing scheme of work and the Personal Social and Health Education (PSHE) curriculum.

Staff and the e-Safety policy

All staff will be given the School e-Safety Policy and its importance explained.

Staff must be informed that network and Internet traffic can be monitored and traced to the individual user.

Staff that manage filtering systems or monitor ICT use will be supervised by senior management and work to clear procedures for reporting issues.

Staff will always use a child friendly safe search engine when accessing the web with pupils.

The school will liaise with the LA as part of the ICT SLA to provide effective support to staff. For example, training on e-safety for staff was provided on a training day in January 2014.

Enlisting parents' and carers' support

Parents and carers attention will be drawn to the School e-Safety Policy in newsletters, the school brochure and on the school Web site.

The school will maintain a list of e-safety resources for parents/carers.

The school will be made aware of the pupil agreement when they register their child with the school.

The school will liaise with the LA as part of the ICT SLA to provide effective support to parents and carers. For example, a series of drop in workshops were held to inform parents to coincide with parents evening in autumn 2013 and have planned to repeat this in 2016.

9. Standards and inspection

Staff will regularly remind children of eSafety rules and any incidents that occur are closely monitored by the eSafety coordinator.

If we feel incidents are occurring and our eSafety policy is not having the desired effect we will seek advice from the North Tyneside ICT team.

Each incident that takes place will be reviewed by the eSafety coordinator and action will be taken immediately.

Incidents will be analysed to see if there is a recurring pattern e.g. specific days, times, classes, individual children etc. If a pattern does occur they will be addressed by targeted work with specific classes, groups, children, parents.

Staff, parents/carers, pupils and governors are informed of changes to policy and practice via newsletters, meetings and training sessions. AUPs are reviewed annually and they will be updated to include current trends and new technologies, whenever necessary.

10. Appendices

| Appendix 1: Internet use - Possible teaching and learning activities | Key e-safety issues | Relevant websites |
|---|--|--|
| Activities Creating web directories to provide easy access to suitable websites. | Parental consent should be sought. Pupils should be supervised. Pupils should be directed to specific, approved on-line materials. | Web directories e.g. bookmarks, the school VLE |
| Using search engines to access information from a range of websites. | Filtering must be active and checked frequently. Parental consent should be sought. Pupils should be supervised. Pupils should be taught what internet use is acceptable and what to do if they access material they are uncomfortable with. | Web quests e.g. Ask Jeeves for kids Yahooligans Googel safe search Kidsclick dinosearch |
| Exchanging information with other pupils and asking questions of experts via e-mail or blogs. | Pupils should only use approved e-mail accounts or blogs. Pupils should never give out personal information. Consider using systems that provide online moderation e.g. SuperClubs Plus. | NTLP Gmail and other Google apps. |
| Publishing pupils' work on school and other websites. | Pupil and parental consent should be sought prior to publication. Pupils' full names and other personal information should be omitted. Pupils' work should only be published on „moderated sites“ and by the school administrator. | Making the News SuperClubs Plus Headline History North Tyneside Learning platform Cluster Microsites National Education Network Gallery |
| Publishing images including photographs of pupils. | Parental consent for publication of photographs should be sought. Photographs should not enable individual pupils to be identified. File names should not refer to the pupil by name. Staff must ensure that published images do not breach copyright laws. | Making the News SuperClubs Plus Learninggrids Museum sites, etc. Digital Storytelling BBC – Primary Art Cluster Microsites National Education Network Gallery |

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Communicating ideas within chat rooms or online forums.

Only chat rooms dedicated to educational use and that are moderated should be used.

SuperClubs Plus
FlashMeeting

Access to other social networking sites should be blocked.

Pupils should never give out personal information.

Audio and video conferencing to gather information and share pupils' work.

Pupils should be supervised.

Schools should only use applications that are managed by Local Authorities and approved Educational Suppliers.

FlashMeeting
National Archives "On-Line"
Global Leap
JANET Videoconferencing